International Symposium on Solar Energy from Space

The Vision & Challenge of Solar Power Satellites Abundant & Affordable Solar Power on Earth & in Space

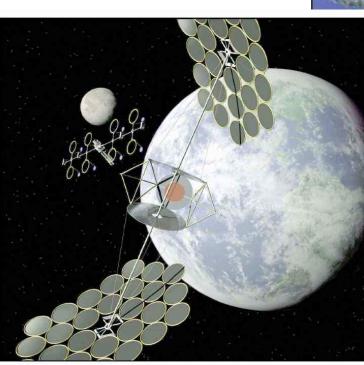


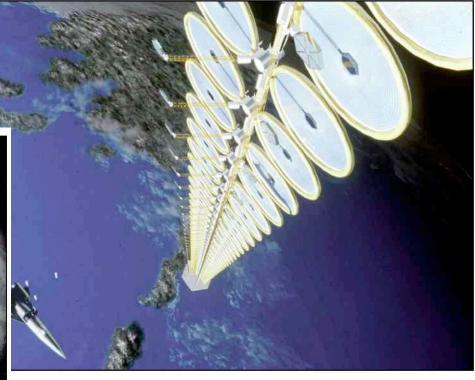
08 September 2009

John C. Mankins Co-Chair, International Academy of Astronautics Study Group President, Artemis Innovation Management Solutions LLC Ashburn, Virginia 20147 USA



The Vision





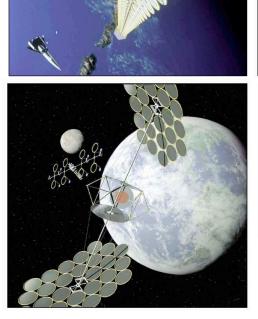
Clean, safe, affordable and virtually limitless solar energy 24/7

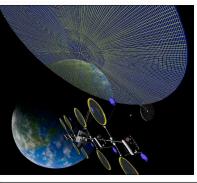
The Challenge





Many Possible Paths... Complex Engineering Choices...

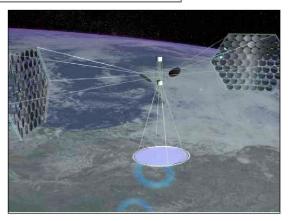




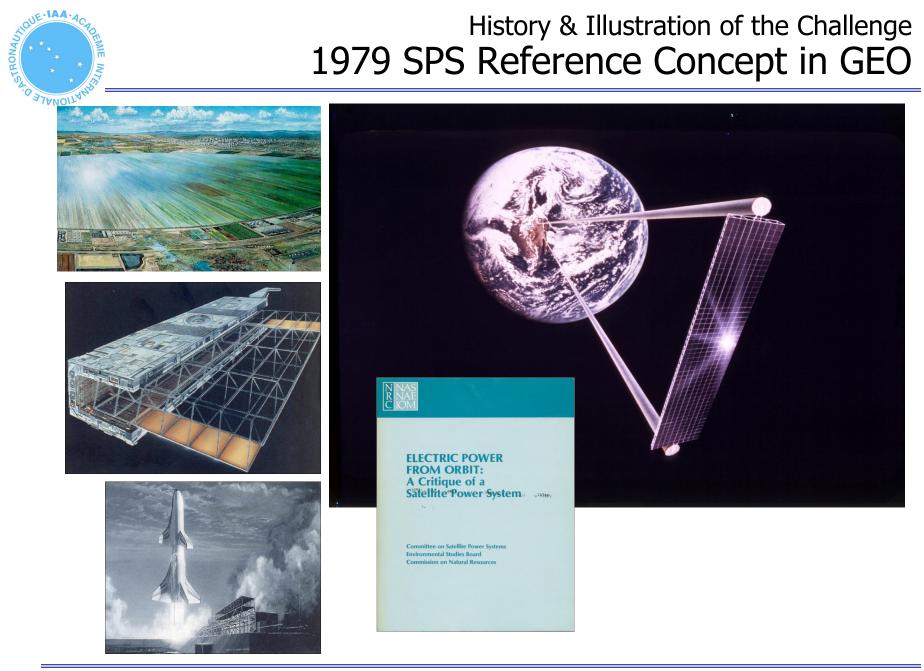


Technical Challenges

The Technical and Economic viability of SSPS depends on (1) end-to-end Efficiency, (2) total Mass, and (3) the Cost to deploy / operate...



History & Illustration of the Challenge 1979 SPS Reference Concept in GEO





What Has Changed?

<u>1979</u>

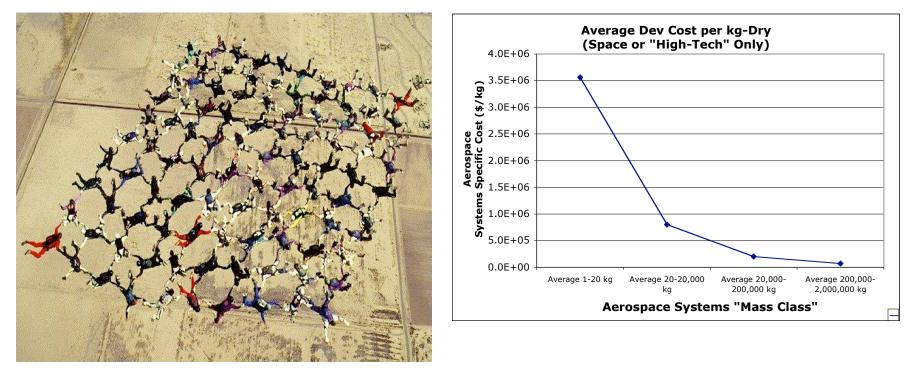
- Solar Power Generation
 - Efficiency @ ~ 10%
- Wireless Power Transmission
 - Solid State Amplifiers, with Efficiency @ ~ 20%
 - Mechanical Pointing, 200 meter gimbal carrying 7 GW to 1 km array
- SSPS Power Management Req'ts
 - Voltages @ ~ 50,000 Volts
- SSPS Space Launch Req'ts
 - Unique Reusable Heavy Lift, with payloads @ 250 tons
- Space Robotics
 - Degrees of Freedom @ ~ 3
 - Control ~ Programmed/Teleoperated
- Space Assembly
 - 100's of Astronauts
 - Large Space Factory Required in GEO

<u>2009</u>

- Solar Power Generation
 - Efficiency @ \sim 40%, going to 50%
- Wireless Power Transmission
 - Solid State Amplifiers, with Efficiency @ ~ 80 - 90%
 - Electronic Beam Steering, with no mechanical gimbal
- SSPS Power Management Req'ts
 - Voltages @ < 1,000 Volts
- SSPS Space Launch Req'ts
 - Any Commercial Launcher, with payloads $@ \sim 25$ tons
- Space Robotics
 - Degrees of Freedom @ ~ 30++
 - Control ~ Autonomous/Telesupervised
- Space Assembly
 - No Astronauts
 - No Space Factory Required



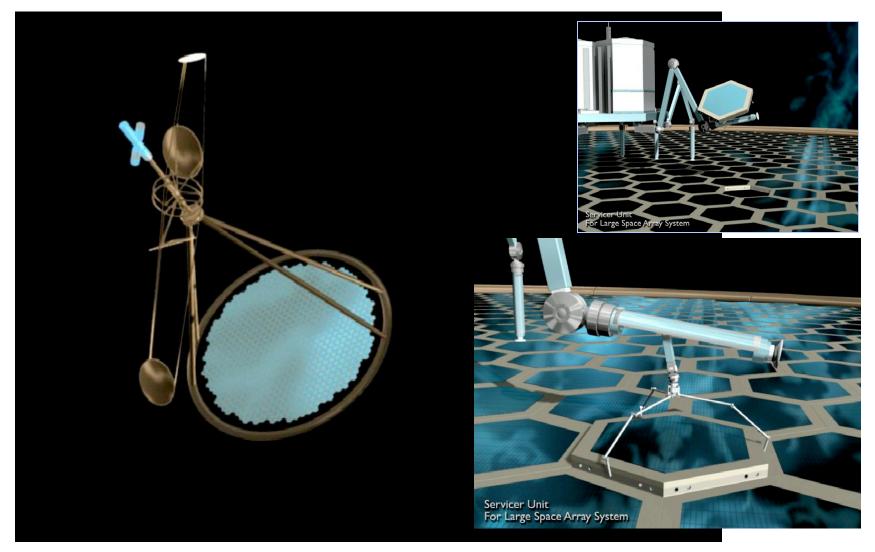
How SPS Economics Might be Achieved...



- Large systems, assembled out of identical intelligent (and reconfigurable) elements, have the potential to radically reduce the cost of space operations--for the right applications
- At the same time, such 'fractionated spacecraft' can radically reduce launch risks and costs...

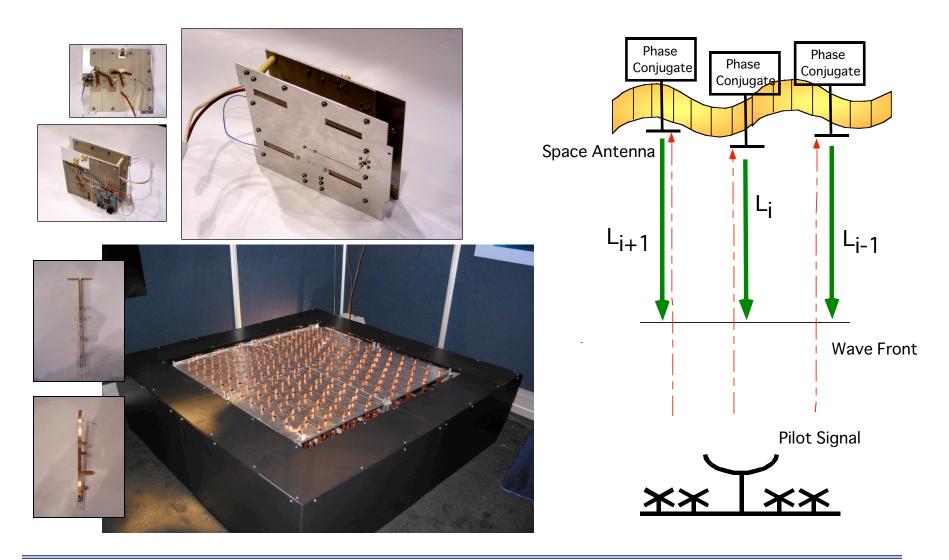
One Promising Approach Integrated Symmetrical/Modular SPS







A Potential Key to Microwave SPS: Retrodirective Phased Arrays...





Recent SBSP Progress Wireless Power Transmission Tests (2008)









Today: Another Step Forward...

- Demonstration of a "NextGen" Retrodirective Phased Array Approach for Wireless Power
 - Prof. N. Kaya and team; of Kobe University
- Key SPS / WPT Functions to be demonstrated...
 - Low-cost, high-power amplifier phased array modules
 - Pilot Signal Control of the phased array – dispatchable energy
 - Dynamic pointing to / tracking of a moving target
 - Automatic recovery from dislocation of array elements



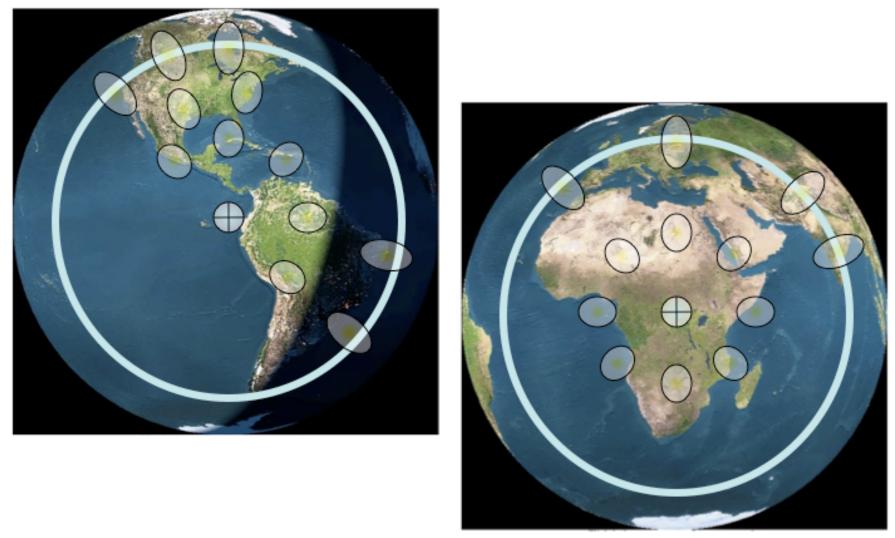


- Fundamentally new approaches are needed to meet the Emerging Challenges of global Energy, including
 - Accelerating per capita Energy Consumption (China, India, etc.)
 - The Urgent Need for Assured Global Energy Security
 - Strong concerns about environmental impacts (climate change, pollution, carbon sequestration, etc.)
 - Sometimes Uncertain Stability of Key International Energy producing regions
 - "Coming Soon": Peak Oil / Natural Gas
 - Inherent limits on ground-based renewable energy (day/night cycle, biofuels competition with agricultural production, etc.)

Space Solar Power could realize the Vision of sustainable, affordable, safe solar energy – worldwide & 24-7...

The Vision Affordable / Dispatchable Solar Energy 24-7





The Vision Affordable / Dispatchable Solar Energy 24-7



